WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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A transmitter comprising:

- a modulator providing a phase-modulated constantenvelope radio-frequency signal;
- a dividing unit dividing a signal provided by said modulator into a first signal and a second signal which are identical to each other;
- a first processing branch for processing a respective first signal provided by said dividing unit, said first processing branch comprising a first phase shifter and a first power amplifier connected to each other in series;
 - a second processing branch for processing a respective second signal provided by said dividing unit, said second processing branch comprising a second phase shifter and a second power amplifier connected to each other in series;
 - a combining unit combining signals provided by said first and said second processing branch;
 - a first control arrangement for controlling the power of a signal output by said combining unit at least for higher power levels by controlling the amplifications applied by said first power amplifier and by said second power amplifier to a respectively received signal; and
 - a second control arrangement for controlling the power of a signal output by said combining unit at least for lower power levels by controlling the phase shifts applied by said first phase shifter and by said second phase shifter to a respectively received signal.

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PATENT
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915-007.037
Attorney Docket No.
   The transmitter according to claim 1, wherein said
      amplifications applied by said first power amplifier
    first control arrangement controls said
       and by said second power amplifier to a respectively
          received signal and on a power level modulation of said output signal and on a power
         and based on a required amplitude received signal based on
             The transmitter according to claim 1, wherein said
               The transmitter according to claim 1, wherein said in the transmitter according to chaim 1, wherein signal first control arrangement comprises a control signal
           required for said output signal.
                 generating unit, a power source and a linear,
                  yenerating unit regulator,
                   regulator, sala control signal representing a required generating a control signal representing a
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                     generaling a control signal representing a require and a amplitude modulation of said output signal and a
                      power level required for said output signal, said
                       power regulator regulating a voltage supplied by
          3.
                         said power source according to a control signal
                          salu power source according signal generating unit, received from said control signal generating unit,
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                            and said linear regulator providing the same
                             and said thicat regulator Providing input of said resulting voltage to a power supply input.
                               resulting voltage to a power supply input of first power amplifier and to a power supply input of
                                said second power amplifier for controlling the
                                 said second power amplifier for controlling amplifier amplifications applied by said first power amplifier amplifications applied by said first power amplifier
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                                     The transmitter according to claim 1, wherein said
                                   and by said second power amplifier.
                                       the control arrangement comprises a control signal first
                                        generating unit, a power source, a first linear
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                                          generating unit, a power source, a rirst linear regulator and a summing regulator, a second linear regulator.
                                           regulator, a second linear regulator and generating unit generating unit said control signal generating unit.
                                            a control signal representing a required amplitude
                                              a control signal representing a required amplitude amplitude and a power level modulation of said output signal and a power level
                                               "" said output signal, said summing unit required for said
                          25
                                                 summing a control signal provided by said control
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                                             Express Mail Label No. EV 252882712 US
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signal generating unit and an additional amplitude correction control signal, said first linear regulator regulating a voltage supplied by said power source according to a control signal received from said control signal generating unit and providing the resulting voltage to a power supply input of said first power amplifier for controlling the amplification applied by said first power amplifier, and said second linear regulator regulating a voltage supplied by said power supply unit according to a control signal received from said summing unit and providing the resulting voltage to a power supply input of said second power amplifier for controlling the amplification applied by said second power amplifier.

5. The transmitter according to claim 4, wherein said additional amplitude correction control signal is set to a constant value.

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- 6. The transmitter according to claim 4, wherein said additional amplitude correction control signal is continuously adjusted according to a measured difference in amplitude between a signal output by said first processing branch and a signal output by said second processing branch.
- 7. The transmitter according to claim 1, wherein said second control arrangement controls said phase shifts applied by said first phase shifter and by said second phase shifter to a respectively received signal based on a required amplitude modulation of said output signal and on a power level required for said output signal.

- 8. The transmitter according to claim 1, wherein said second control arrangement comprises a control signal generating unit, a converting unit and an inverting 5 unit, said control signal generating unit generating a control signal representing a required amplitude modulation of said output signal and a power level required for said output signal and said converting unit converting a control signal provided by said 10 control signal generating unit into a phase control signal representing a corresponding phase, wherein said phase control signal is provided to a control input of said first phase shifter and via said inverter inverting said phase control signal to a 15 control input of said second phase shifter.
- The transmitter according to claim 8, further comprising a summing unit for summing a signal output by said inverter and an additional phase correction control signal, wherein only the resulting summed signal is provided to said control input of said second phase shifter.
- 10. The transmitter according to claim 9, wherein said 25 additional phase correction control signal is set to a constant value.
- 11. The transmitter according to claim 9, wherein said additional phase correction control signal is

 30 continuously adjusted according to a measured difference in an absolute phase shift between a phase of a signal output by said modulator and a signal output by said first processing branch on the one hand and between said phase of said signal output by

said modulator and a signal output by said second processing branch on the other hand.

- 12. The transmitter according to claim 1, said5 transmitter being an envelope elimination and restoration transmitter.
 - 13. A method of controlling the power level of a signal output by a transmitter, said method comprising:
- odividing a provided phase-modulated constantenvelope radio-frequency signal into a first signal and a second signal which are identical to each other;
- controlling the power level of an output signal of
 said transmitter at least in case of higher
 required power levels by controlling
 amplifications applied separately to said first
 signal and to said second signal; and
 - controlling the power level of an output signal of said transmitter at least in case of lower required power levels by controlling phase shifts applied separately to said first signal and to said second signal; and
 - combining said processed first signal and said processed second signal and providing said combined signal as a power controlled output signal.
- 14. The method according to claim 13, wherein said
 30 amplifications, which are applied separately to said
 first and said second signal, are controlled based on
 a required amplitude modulation of said output signal
 and on a power level required for said output signal.

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- 15. The method according to claim 13, wherein controlling the power level of an output signal of said transmitter by controlling amplifications applied separately to said first signal and to said second signal comprises:
 - generating a control signal representing a required amplitude modulation of said output signal and a power level required for said output signal;
- regulating an available voltage according to said control signal; and
 - controlling said amplifications by providing the same regulated voltage as power supply to a first power amplifier amplifying said first signal and to a second power amplifier amplifying said second signal.
 - 16. The method according to claim 13, wherein controlling the power level of an output signal of said transmitter by controlling amplifications applied separately to said first signal and to said second signal comprises:
 - generating a control signal representing a required amplitude modulation of said output signal and a power level required for said output signal;
 - regulating an available voltage according to said control signal to obtain a first regulated voltage;
- ontrolling an amplification applied to said first signal by providing said first regulated voltage as power supply to a first power amplifier amplifying said first signal;

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- summing said control signal and an additional amplitude correction control signal;
- regulating an available voltage according to said summed signal to obtain a second regulated voltage; and
- controlling an amplification applied to said second signal by providing said second regulated voltage as power supply to a second power amplifier amplifying said second signal.

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- 17. The method according to claim 16, wherein said additional amplitude correction control signal is set to a constant value.
- 15 18. The method according to claim 16, wherein said additional amplitude correction control signal is continuously adjusted according to a measured difference in amplitude between said processed first signal provided for combining and said processed second signal provided for combining.
 - 19. The method according to claim 13, wherein said phase shifts, which are applied separately to said first and said second signal, are controlled based on a required amplitude modulation of said output signal and on a power level required for said output signal.
 - 20. The method according to claim 13, wherein controlling the power level of an output signal of said transmitter by controlling phase shifts applied separately to said first signal and to said second signal comprises:
 - generating a control signal representing a required amplitude modulation of said output

- signal and a power level required for said output signal;
- converting said control signal into a phase control signal representing a corresponding phase;
- providing said phase control signal to a control input of a first phase shifter shifting said first signal in phase according to a signal provided to its control input; and
- inverting said phase control signal and providing
 said inverted phase control signal to a control input of a second phase shifter shifting said second signal in phase according to a signal provided to its control input.
- 15 21. The method according to claim 20, further comprising summing said inverted phase control signal and an additional phase correction control signal, and providing only the resulting summed signal to said control input of said second phase shifter.
 - 22. The method according to claim 21, wherein said additional phase correction control signal is set to a constant value.
- 25 23. The method according to claim 21, wherein said additional phase correction control signal is continuously adjusted according to a measured difference in an absolute phase shift between a phase of said provided phase-modulated constant-envelope radio-frequency signal and said processed first signal provided for combining on the one hand and between said phase of said provided phase-modulated constant-envelope radio-frequency signal and said